

Peace of mind underfoot™

www.openjoisttriforce.com

This brochure is intended to provide general information for designer and end-user. For further information or assistance with our open joist **TRIFORCE**<sup>®</sup>, please contact your Barrette Structural representative

In keeping with its on-going product development engagement, Barrette Structural periodically revises its literature. Please visit our website www.openjoisttriforce.com to verify that this is an updated version.

### www.openjoisttriforce.com info@ojtriforce.com



### Open Joist | Specifier Guide

www.openjoisttriforce.com Canadian Specifier Guide







### An unusual building

The open joist **TRIFORCE**<sup>®</sup> is manufactured in a new facility built with glued laminated lumber posts and beams, designed in function of the principles of sustainable development. Our plant with an area of 180 000 pi<sup>2</sup>, is the largest industrial building using glued laminated lumber in eastern Canada.

Here are the principles of sustainable development that we have applied during this project:

- Support for the lumber industry and its workers.
- Third processing of a natural resource.
- Training of specialized workers, wood joist assemblers, whose expertise is already being used to advantage on other projects.
- Lumber derived from a certified forest that respects the principles
- of sustainable forestry.
- Use of a local and renewable resource.
- Energy savings.
- Reduction in greenhouse gases (GHG).
- Solar walls.
- Insulating with aesthetics in mind.
- Protecting the water table.



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### Evaluation Reports



# Features and Benefits

FEATURES	BENEFITS
SOLID SAWN KILN-DRIED CHORDS	<ul> <li>Wide nailing surface 2.5" and 3.5"</li> <li>Glued finger joints eliminate potential squeaking</li> <li>Dimensional stability</li> <li>Ease of installation</li> </ul>
SOLID SAWN KILN-DRIED WEBS	<ul> <li>• 2" X 2" webs</li> <li>• Most effective wood usage</li> <li>• Environmentally-friendly</li> </ul>
WEB STOCK OSB END DETAIL	<ul> <li>• 24" trimmable end</li> <li>• Trimmable one end only</li> <li>• Manufactured in 2-foot increments</li> </ul>
GLUED FINGER JOINTS TRIANGULATION	<ul> <li>Long-term performance</li> <li>Accuracy</li> <li>No plate corrosion</li> <li>No potential mechanical, electrical and plumbing damage due to metal connectors</li> <li>Eliminates potential squeaking</li> </ul>
TRIANGULATED CONFIGURATION	<ul> <li>Proven</li> <li>Light handling</li> <li>No on-site thinking for holes to allow mechanical, electrical and plumbing installation</li> <li>Increased floor performance</li> </ul>
QUALITY GUARANTEED	<ul> <li>Independent third-party inspection</li> <li>Individually tested to exceed load capacity</li> <li>Unrivaled floor performance</li> </ul>

# Adjustment



### The Barrette Structural open concept floor system

The strength of triangulation, accuracy of finger-jointed assembly, maximization of dimensional lumber and environmentally-friendly field adjustability, makes open joist **TRIFORCE**<sup>®</sup> product the only trimmable all-wood, open-webbed, finger-jointed, floor joists without metal plate connectors.

#### Reengineering wood components for your needs

For more than 25 years, OPEN JOIST 2000<sup>®</sup> products have demonstrated their strength and durability throughout North America and Europe. The open joist **TRIFORCE<sup>®</sup>** product is the logical continuity of the OPEN JOIST 2000<sup>®</sup> products also aiming for your "Peace of mind underfoot<sup>™</sup>!





# Design Values

### Engineering properties of open joist TRIFORCE® Series products

#### Limits States Design (LSD)

Carlos	Depth	Flange Width	Mr	Vr	EI	к	Joist Weight
Series	Inches	Inches	(lbs-ft)	(lbs)	(lb/in²)	(lbs)	ρlf
	9.5	2.5	3 590	1 380	1,7000E+08	2,682E+06	2.70
01.214	11.875	2.5	4 648	1 928	2,8457E+08	3,703E+06	2.80
0J-314	14	2.5	5 567	2 271	4,1219E+08	4,616E+06	2.85
	16	2.5	6 326	2 336	5,5397E+08	5,475E+06	2.95
	9.5	2.5	4 386	1 380	1,8213E+08	2,682E+06	2.70
01.315	11.875	2.5	5 679	1 928	3,0488E+08	3,703E+06	2.80
03-315	14	2.5	6 835	2 271	4,4161E+08	4,616E+06	2.85
	16	2.5	7 923	2 336	5,9351E+08	5,475E+06	2.95
	9.5	2.5	5 940	1 380	2,1857E+08	2,682E+06	2.73
01.210	11.875	2.5	7 690	1 928	3,6588E+08	3,703E+06	2.83
0J-318	14	2.5	9 256	2 271	5,2996E+08	4,616E+06	2.88
	16	2.5	10 730	2 336	7,1224E+08	5,475E+06	2.98
	9.5	2.5	6 116	1 380	2,4284E+08	2,682E+06	2.73
01.220	11.875	2.5	7 919	1 928	4,0650E+08	3,703E+06	2.83
0J-320	14	2.5	9 532	2 271	5,8880E+08	4,616E+06	2.88
	16	2.5	11 049	2 336	7,9132E+08	5,475E+06	2.98
	9.5	3.5	5 015	1 380	2,3800E+08	3,325E+06	3.23
01-414	11.875	3.5	6 492	1 928	3,9840E+08	4,591E+06	3.33
0,5-414	14	3.5	7 775	2 271	5,7707E+08	5,724E+06	3.43
	16	3.5	8 835	2 336	7,7555E+08	6,789E+06	3.53
01-415	11.875	3.5	7 963	1 928	4,2684E+08	4,591E+06	3.35
03-415	14	3.5	9 585	2 271	6,1826E+08	5,724E+06	3.45
	9.5	3.5	8 460	1 380	3,0599E+08	3,325E+06	3.25
01-419	11.875	3.5	10 954	1 928	5,1223E+08	4,591E+06	3.35
03-418	14	3.5	13 184	2 271	7,4195E+08	5,724E+06	3.45
	16	3.5	15 284	2 336	9,9714E+08	6,789E+06	3.55
	9.5	3.5	8 595	1 380	3,3997E+08	3,325E+06	3.25
01.420	11.875	3.5	11 128	1 928	5,6910E+08	4,591E+06	3.35
03=420	14	3.5	13 393	2 271	8,2433E+08	5,724E+06	3.45
	16	3.5	15 526	2 336	1,1079E+09	6,789E+06	3.55

The factored moment resistances (with  $\Phi$  included) listed are for standard term load duration and shall not be increased by any Code-allowed repetitive member 1) system factor.

The factored shear resistances (with  $\Phi$  included) for standard term load duration is the web tension resistance at the first web/bottom flange joint from the 2)

end bearing. 3) Mid-span deflection shall be predicted using the following formula:

$Deflection(\Delta) =$	:
------------------------	---

 $\frac{5WL^{4}}{384EI} + \frac{WL^{2}}{K}$ Where: L = Span EI = Bending stiffness K = Shear deflection factor w = Uniform Load

### End reaction properties of "Open Joist TRIFORCE® Series"

	Bearing End Flange Web Stiffener <sup>(4)</sup>		Bearing End 2x3 Post End			OSB End Panel <sup>(3)</sup>			
			1.5"	3.5"	1.5"	1.5"	3.5"		
			N/A	N/A	No	Yes	No		
	Depth	9 ½"	2402	2999	1381	16773	1954		
OJ-300		11 7/8"	2525	3170	1454	1764	2057		
OJ-400		14"	2635	3323	1715	1890	2173		
		16"	2739	3467	1744	2133	2210		

1) The end reaction resistances (with  $\Phi$  included) are reference design values for standard term duration load.

2) End reactions require a minimum bearing length of 1.5 in; interpolation between bearing length is permitted.

3) The OSB section is adjustable up to 24 in without any modification of the tabulated limit states design properties.

4) Web stiffeners shall be installed in accordance with the product's installation details.



# Stocking Lengths

### Available Stocking Lengths

Open joist **TRIFORCE**<sup>®</sup> offers new dimensions in height and length. The new open joist **TRIFORCE**<sup>®</sup> is offered in standard sizes of the industry, 9 ½", 11 %", 14" and 16". Open joist **TRIFORCE**<sup>®</sup> has a new material configuration system based on a 24" adjustable OSB panel end. The simplified material configuration system offers a more efficient and economical product to our distributors and loyal customers.

Death	Carias	Weight		Stock Lengths (feet)										
Depth	Series	lbs/ft	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
<b>0</b> 1/	OJ314	2.70	×	×	×	×	×							
9 /2	OJ418	3.25						×						
	OJ314	2.80	×	×	×	×	×							
11 7/	OJ315	2.80						×						
11 78	OJ415	3.35							×					
	OJ418									×				
	OJ314	2.85	×	×	×	×	×							
14	OJ315	2.85						×	×					
17	OJ415	3.45								×				
	OJ418	3.45									×	×		
	OJ314	2.95	×	×	×	×	×							
16	OJ315	2.95						×	×					
10	OJ418	3.55								×	×	×		
	OJ420	3.55											×	×

### Maximum Allowed Floor Spans for residential application

#### Nailed & Glued Subfloor

	9.5"			LL=40 psf	DL=15 psf		LL=40 psf DL=30 psf				
	Spacing o.c.		12"	16"	19.2"	24"	12"	16"	19.2"	24"	
Subf	loor thickness -	- CSP	5/8"	5/8"	5/8"	3/4"	5/8"	5/8"	5/8"	3/4"	
Length	Ser	ies		Maximum F	loor span c/c			Maximum F	loor span c/c		
8'-0"			8'-0"	8'-0"	8'-0"	8'-0"	8'-0"	8'-0"	8'-0"	8'-0"	
10'-0"			10'-0"	10'-0"	10'-0"	10'-0"	10'-0"	10'-0"	10'-0"	10'-0"	
12'-0"	OJ314	2x3	12'-0"	12'-0"	12'-0"	12'-0"	12'-0"	12'-0"	12'-0"	12'-0"	
14'-0"			14'-0"	14'-0"	14'-0"	13'-6"	14'-0"	14'-0"	13'-6"	12'-1"	
16'-0"			16'-0"	16'-0"	15'-0"		16'-0"	14'-10"			
18'-0"	OJ418	2x4	18'-0"	18'-0"	18'-0"	16'-10"	18'-0"	18'-0"	<u>17'-10"</u>		
	11.875"			LL=40 psf	DL=15 psf			LL=40 psf	DL=30 psf		
	Spacing o.c.		12"	16"	19.2"	24"	12"	16"	19.2"	24"	
Subf	loor thickness -	- CSP	5/8"	5/8"	5/8"	3/4"	5/8"	5/8"	5/8"	3/4"	
Length	Ser	ies		Maximum F	loor span c/c			Maximum F	loor span c/c		
8'-0"			8'-0"	8'-0"	8'-0"	8'-0"	8'-0"	8'-0"	8'-0"	8'-0"	
10'-0"			10'-0"	10'-0"	10'-0"	10'-0"	10'-0"	10'-0"	10'-0"	10'-0"	
12'-0"	OJ314	2x3	12'-0"	12'-0"	12'-0"	12'-0"	12'-0"	12'-0"	12'-0"	12'-0"	
14'-0"			14'-0"	14'-0"	14'-0"	14'-0"	14'-0"	14'-0"	14'-0"	13'-10"	
16'-0"			16'-0"	16'-0"	16'-0"	15'-4"	16'-0"	16'-0"	15'-5"		
18'-0"	OJ315	2x3	18'-0"	18'-0"	18'-0"	16'-11"	18'-0"	18'-0"	17'-0"		
18-0	OJ418 (S)	2x4	18'-0"	18'-0"	18'-0"	18'-0"	18'-0"	18'-0"	18'-0"	<u>17'-11"</u>	
20'-0"	OJ415	2x4	20'-0"	20'-0"	20'-0"	<u>19'-1"</u>	20'-0"	20'-0"	<u>20'-0"</u>		
20 -0	OJ418 (S)	2x4	20'-0"	20'-0"	20'-0"	<u>20'-0"</u>	20'-0"	20'-0"	<u>20'-0"</u>		
22'-0"	OJ418	2x4	22'-0"	22'-0"	22'-0"	<u>20'-2"</u>	22'-0"	22'-0"	<u>21'-7"</u>		
	14"			11=40 osf	DI =15 osf			11=40 osf	DI = 30 osf		
			12"	16"	19.2"	24"	12"	16"	19.2"	24"	
Subf	loor thickness -	CSP	5/8"	5/8"	5/8"	3/4"	5/8"	5/8"	5/8"	3/4"	
Lenoth	Ser	ies	3,0	Maximum F	loor soan c/c			Maximum F	loor soan c/c		
8'-0"			8'-0"	8'-0"	8'-0"	8'-0"	8'-0"	8'-0"	8'-0"	8'-0"	
10'-0"			10'-0"	10'-0"	10'-0"	10'-0"	10'-0"	10'-0"	10'-0"	10'-0"	
12'-0"	OJ314	2x3	12'-0"	12'-0"	12'-0"	12'-0"	12'-0"	12'-0"	12'-0"	12'-0"	
14'-0"	i i		14'-0"	14'-0"	14'-0"	14'-0"	14'-0"	14'-0"	14'-0"	14'-0"	
16'-0"	i i		16'-0"	16'-0"	16'-0"	16'-0"	16'-0"	16'-0"	16'-0"	15'-1"	
18'-0"	OJ315	2x3	18'-0"	18'-0"	18'-0"	18'-0"	18'-0"	18'-0"	18'-0"	16'-8"	
	OJ315	2x3	20'-0"	20'-0"	20'-0"	18'-7"	20'-0"	20'-0"	18'-8"		
20-0	OJ418 (S)	2x4	20'-0"	20'-0"	20'-0"	20'-0"	20'-0"	20'-0"	20'-0"	<u>19'-2"</u>	
22'-0"	OJ415	2x4	22'-0"	22'-0"	22'-0"	<u>21'-8"</u>	22'-0"	22'-0"	22'-0"		
24'-0"	0.1419	2×4	24'-0"	24'-0"	24'-0"	<u>22'-11"</u>	24'-0"	24'-0"	<u>24'-0"</u>		
26'-0"	01410	284	26'-0"	26'-0"	24'-10"		26'-0"	26'-0"	<u>24'-0"</u>		
	16"			LL=40 osf	DL=15 osf			LL=40 osf	DL=30 osf		
	Spacing o.c.		12"	16"	19.2"	24"	12"	16"	19.2"	24"	
Subf	loor thi <u>ckness</u> -	- CSP	5/8"	5/8"	5/8"	3/4"	5/8"	5/8"	5/8"	3/4"	
Length	Ser	ies		Maximum F	loor span c/c			Maximum F	loor span c/c		
8'-0"			8'-0"	8'-0"	8'-0"	8'-0"	8'-0"	8'-0"	8'-0"	8'-0"	
10'-0"	0.1244		10'-0"	10'-0"	10'-0"	10'-0"	10'-0"	10'-0"	10'-0"	10'-0"	
12'-0"	OJ314	2x3	12'-0"	12'-0"	12'-0"	12'-0"	12'-0"	12'-0"	12'-0"	12'-0"	
14'-0"			14'-0"	14'-0"	14'-0"	14'-0"	14'-0"	14'-0"	14'-0"	14'-0"	
16'-0"	OJ314	2x3	16'-0"	16'-0"	16'-0"	16'-0"	16'-0"	16'-0"	16'-0"	16'-0"	
16-0	OJ318 (S)	2x3	16'-0"	16'-0"	16'-0"	16'-0"	16'-0"	16'-0"	16'-0"	16'-0"	
10.0"	OJ315	2x3	18'-0"	18'-0"	18'-0"	18'-0"	18'-0"	18'-0"	18'-0"	<u>18'-0"</u>	
18 -0	OJ318 (S)	2x3	18'-0"	18'-0"	18'-0"	18'-0"	18'-0"	18'-0"	18'-0"	<u>18'-0"</u>	
20' 0"	OJ315	2x3	20'-0"	20'-0"	20'-0"	20'-0"	20'-0"	20'-0"	20'-0"	18'-0"	
20-0	OJ418 (S)	2x4	20'-0"	20'-0"	20'-0"	20'-0"	20'-0"	20'-0"	20'-0"	<u>20'-0"</u>	
22'-0"			22'-0"	22'-0"	22'-0"	22'-0"	22'-0"	22'-0"	22'-0"	21'-9"	
24'-0"	OJ418	2x4	24'-0"	24'-0"	24'-0"	<u>24'-0"</u>	24'-0"	24'-0"	<u>24'-0"</u>		
26'-0"			26'-0"	26'-0"	26'-0"	25'-5"	26'-0"	26'-0"	26'-0"		
28'-0"	0.1420	2×4	28'-0"	28'-0"	<u>28'-0"</u>	<u>26'-3"</u>	28'-0"	<u>28'-0"</u>	<u>27'-2"</u>		
30'-0"	03420	274	30'-0"	30'-0"	<u>28'-6"</u>		30'-0"	<u>29'-8"</u>			

Notes :

1) Spans apply to simple span application only.

 Minimum end bearing length is 1½", <u>except for</u> bold spans minimum 1½" at the OSB section

with web stiffeners. 3) Maximum spans are measured <u>centerline to</u>

<u>centerline</u> of bearing and are based on uniformly loaded joints.

4) Dead load deflection is limited to L/360 and Total load deflection is limited to L/240.

5) Live Load is limited to L/360.6) The spans shown are in accord

The spans shown are in accordance with NBCC and CAN/CSA O86 and take into consideration the performance criterion with continuous strongback installed at mid span.

 Refer to appropriate sections of the Specifier Guide for installation guidelines and construction details.  The nailing specifications are to be in accordance with the National Building Code of Canada (NBCC) and the adhesives used should comply with CGSB standard CAN-CGSB 71.26-M88.

9) (S) = Special grade, verify availability

### Maximum Allowed Unfactored Live Load Chart for residential application

#### Glued & Nailed Subfloor with Continuous Strongbacks without ceiling

	9.5"			Unfactored Dea	ad loads: 15 ps	f	Unfactored Dead loads: 30 psf																			
	Spacing o.c.		12"	16"	19.2"	24"	12"	16"	19.2"	24"																
Subfl	loor thickness ·	- CSP	5/8"	5/8"	5/8"	3/4"	5/8"	5/8"	5/8"	3/4"																
Length	Sei	ries	Max	kimum Unfacto	red Live Load	(psf)	Maximum Unfactored Live Load (psf)																			
8'-0"			266	<u>197</u>	<u>162</u>	<u>127</u>	<u>254</u>	<u>184</u>	<u>149</u>	<u>114</u>																
10'-0"		2x3						<u>183</u>	<u>134</u>	<u>110</u>	<u>85</u>	<u>171</u>	<u>122</u>	<u>97</u>	<u>73</u>											
12'-0"	OJ314		121	89	72	55	110	76	59	42																
14'-0"																				80	60	49		74	49	
16'-0"			55	41			50																			
18'-0"	OJ418	2x4	68	51	43		68	51																		

	11.875"			Unfactored Dea	ad loads: 15 ps	f	Unfactored Dead loads: 30 psf								
	Spacing o.c.		12"	16"	19.2"	24"	12"	16"	19.2"	24"					
Subf	loor thickness ·	- CSP	SP 5/8" 5/8" 5/8" 3/4" 5/8" 5/8"						5/8"	3/4"					
Length	Sei	ries	Max	imum Unfacto	red Live Load	(psf)	Max	Maximum Unfactored Live Load (psf)							
8'-0"			<u>281</u>	207	<u>171</u>	<u>134</u>	268	<u>195</u>	<u>158</u>	<u>121</u>					
10'-0"			222	<u>163</u>	<u>134</u>	<u>105</u>	<u>210</u>	<u>151</u>	<u>121</u>	<u>92</u>					
12'-0"	OJ314	2x3	163	<u>119</u>	<u>97</u>	<u>75</u>	<u>150</u>	106	<u>84</u>	<u>62</u>					
14'-0"								116	84	67	51	103	71	55	
16'-0"	l l		85	61	48		73	48							
10' 0"	OJ315	2x3	69	52	43		69	46							
18 -0	OJ418 (S)	2x4	95	<u>84</u>	69	<u>52</u>	105	<u>72</u>	56	<u>40</u>					
201 01	OJ415	2x4	71	53	44		71	<u>53</u>	42						
20-0	OJ418 (S)	2x4	84	<u>63</u>	52	<u>42</u>	<u>84</u>	<u>63</u>	<u>48</u>						
22'-0"	OJ418	2x4	64	48	40		64	48							

	14"			Unfactored Dea	ad loads: 15 ps	f	Unfactored Dead loads: 30 psf					
	Spacing o.c.		12"	16"	19.2"	24"	12"	16"	19.2"	24"		
Subfl	loor thickness ·	- CSP	5/8"	5/8" 5/8" 3/4" 5/8" 5/8" 5/8"						3/4"		
Length	Sei	ries	Max	imum Unfacto	red Live Load	(psf)	Max	Maximum Unfactored Live Load (psf)				
8'-0"			<u>302</u>	223	<u>184</u>	<u>144</u>	289	<u>211</u>	<u>171</u>	132		
10'-0"			<u>239</u>	<u>176</u>	<u>144</u>	<u>113</u>	226	<u>163</u>	<u>132</u>	<u>101</u>		
12'-0"	OJ314	2x3	<u>197</u>	<u>144</u>	<u>118</u>	<u>92</u>	<u>184</u>	<u>132</u>	<u>106</u>	<u>79</u>		
14'-0"			141	103	83	64	129	90	71	52		
16'-0"			105	75	61	46	92	63	48			
18'-0"	OJ315	2x3	98	73	58	44	89	60	46			
20' 0"	OJ315	2x3	73	55	45		67	44				
20-0	OJ418 (S)	2x4	<u>113</u>	<u>82</u>	<u>66</u>	<u>50</u>	89	<u>69</u>	<u>53</u>			
22'-0"	OJ415	2x4	78	58	48		78	55	<u>41</u>			
24'-0"	0.1410	2.4	72	54	45		<u>72</u>	<u>53</u>	<u>40</u>			
26'-0"	01418	2X4	57	43			57	41				

	16"			Unfactored Dea	ad loads: 15 ps <sup>.</sup>	f	Unfactored Dead loads: 30 psf									
	Spacing o.c.		12"	16"	19.2"	24"	12"	16"	19.2"	24"						
Subfl	oor thickness -	- CSP	5/8"	5/8"	5/8"	3/4"	5/8"	5/8"	5/8"	3/4"						
Length	Length Series			kimum Unfacto	ored Live Load	(psf)	Max	Maximum Unfactored Live Load (psf)								
8'-0"			<u>342</u>	<u>254</u>	209	<u>165</u>	<u>330</u>	<u>241</u>	<u>197</u>	<u>152</u>						
10'-0"	01214	272	<u>271</u>	<u>200</u>	<u>165</u>	<u>129</u>	<u>259</u>	<u>188</u>	<u>152</u>	<u>117</u>						
12'-0"	03514	285	<u>224</u>	<u>165</u>	<u>135</u>	<u>105</u>	<u>211</u>	<u>152</u>	<u>123</u>	<u>93</u>						
14'-0"			<u>162</u>	<u>118</u>	<u>97</u>	<u>75</u>	<u>150</u>	<u>106</u>	<u>84</u>	<u>62</u>						
16' 0"	OJ314	2x3	121	87	71	54	108	75	58	41						
10-0	OJ318 (S)	2x3	<u>165</u>	<u>120</u>	<u>98</u>	<u>76</u>	<u>152</u>	<u>108</u>	<u>86</u>	<u>63</u>						
10' 0"	OJ315	2x3	<u>119</u>	<u>86</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>53</u>	<u>107</u>	<u>74</u>	<u>57</u>	<u>41</u>						
10-0	OJ318 (S)	2x3	<u>145</u>	<u>106</u>	<u>86</u>	<u>66</u>	<u>133</u>	<u>93</u>	<u>73</u>	<u>54</u>						
20' 0"	OJ315	2x3	94	67	54	40	81	55	41							
20-0	OJ418 (S)	2x4	<u>129</u>	<u>94</u>	<u>76</u>	<u>58</u>	<u>117</u>	<u>81</u>	<u>63</u>	<u>46</u>						
22'-0"			<u>116</u>	<u>84</u>	<u>68</u>	<u>52</u>	<u>104</u>	<u>71</u>	<u>55</u>							
24'-0"	OJ418	2x4	<u>95</u>	<u>71</u>	<u>59</u>	<u>46</u>	<u>93</u>	<u>63</u>	<u>49</u>							
26'-0"	00.10		76	<u>57</u>	<u>47</u>		<u>76</u>	57	<u>43</u>							
28'-0"	0.1420	2×4	68	<u>51</u>	<u>42</u>		<u>68</u>	<u>51</u>								
30'-0"	OJ420	OJ420	OJ420	OJ420	OJ420	OJ420	OJ420	∠x4	56	42			56			

#### Notes :

 Uniform loads shown are on centerline to centerline and considering a minimum end bearing length of 1½", higher loads could be applied using longer end bearing length.

 Minimum end bearing length is 1½", except for bold spans, minimum 1½" with web stiffeners at the OSB section.  Dead load deflection is limited to L/360 and Total load deflection is limited to L/240.
 Live Load is limited to L/360

4) Live Load is limited to L/360.5) The loads shown are in accord

i) The loads shown are in accordance with NBCC, part 9 and CAN/CSA O86 and take into consideration the performance criterion as per NBCC section 9.23.4.2(2) with continuous strongback installed at mid span. 6) Refer to appropriate sections of the Specifier Guide for installation guidelines and construction details.

 The nailing specifications are to be in accordance with the National Building Code of Canada (NBCC) and the adhesives used should comply with CGSB standard CAN-CGSB 71.26-M88.

8) (S) = Special grade, verify availability

# Strongback Recommendation Chart

### Mid Span Continuous Strongbacks Recommendation For Maximum Span Charts

9.5"				LL=40 psf	DL=15 psf			LL=40 psf	DL=30 psf			LL=40 psf	DL=36 psf	
	Spacing o.c		12"	16"	19.2"	24"	12"	16"	19.2"	24"	12"	16"	19.2"	24"
Subflo	or thickness	s - CSP	5/8"	5/8"	5/8"	3/4"	5/8"	5/8"	5/8"	3/4"	5/8"	5/8"	5/8"	3/4"
Length	Ser	ies		Strong	jbacks			Strong	gbacks			Strong	jbacks	
8'-0"			None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None
10'-0"			None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None
12'-0"	OJ314	2x3	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None
14'-0"			None	None	1-2x4	1-2x4	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	
16'-0"			1-2x4	1-2x6	1-2x6		1-2x4	1-2x6			1-2x4	1-2x4		
18'-0"	OJ418	2x4	1-2x4	1-2x6	1-2x6	1-2x6	1-2x4	1-2x6	2-2x6		1-2x4	1-2x6	2-2x6	
	11.875"			LL=40 psf	DL=15 psf			LL=40 psf	DL=30 psf			LL=40 psf	DL=36 psf	
	Spacing o.c		12"	16"	19.2"	24"	12"	16"	19.2"	24"	12"	16"	19.2"	24"
Subflo	or thickness	s - CSP	5/8"	5/8"	5/8"	3/4"	5/8"	5/8"	5/8"	3/4"	5/8"	5/8"	5/8"	3/4"
Length	Ser	ies		Strong	jbacks			Strong	gbacks			Strong	jbacks	
8'-0"			None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None
10'-0"			None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None
12'-0"	OJ314	2x3	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None
14'-0"			None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None
16'-0"			None	1-2x4	1-2x4	1-2x4	None	1-2x4	1-2x4		None	1-2x4	None	
18'-0"	OJ315	2x3	1-2x4	1-2x6	1-2x6	1-2x6	1-2x4	1-2x6	1-2x6		1-2x4	1-2x6	1-2x4	
10 0	OJ418 (S)	2x4	None	1-2x4	1-2x4	1-2x6	None	1-2x4	1-2x4	2-2x4	None	1-2x4	1-2x4	1-2x4
20'-0"	OJ415	2x4	2-2x4	1-2x6	2-2x6	2-2x6	2-2x4	1-2x6	2-2x6		2-2x4	1-2x6	2-2x6	
	OJ418 (S)	2x4	1-2x4	1-2x6	1-2x6	2-2x6	1-2x4	2-2x4	1-2x6		1-2x4	1-2x6	1-2x6	
22'-0"	OJ418	2x4	1-2x6	2-2x6	1-2x8	1-2x8	1-2x6	2-2x6	1-2x8		1-2x6	2-2x6	1-2x8	
	14"			LL=40 psf	DL=15 psf			LL=40 psf	DL=30 psf			LL=40 psf	DL=36 psf	
	Spacing o.c		12"	16"	19.2"	24"	12"	16"	19.2"	24"	12"	16"	19.2"	24"
Subflo	or thickness	s - CSP	5/8"	5/8"	5/8"	3/4"	5/8"	5/8"	5/8"	3/4"	5/8"	5/8"	5/8"	3/4"
Length	Ser	ies		Strong	jbacks			Strong	gbacks			Strong	jbacks	
8'-0"			None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None
10'-0"			None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None
12'-0"	OJ314	2x3	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None
14'-0"			None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None
16'-0"			None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None
18'-0"	OJ315	2x3	None	1-2x6	1-2x6	1-2x6	None	1-2x6	1-2x6	1-2x6	None	1-2x6	1-2x6	None
20'-0"	OJ315	2x3	1-2x6	1-2x6	2-2x6	1-2x6	1-2x6	1-2x6	1-2x6		1-2x6	1-2x6	1-2x6	
20 0	OJ418 (S)	2x4	None	1-2x6	1-2x6	1-2x6	None	1-2x6	1-2x6	1-2x6	None	1-2x6	1-2x6	
22'-0"	OJ415	2x4	1-2x6	1-2x6	2-2x6	1-2x8	1-2x6	1-2x6	2-2x6		1-2x6	1-2x6	1-2x6	
24'-0"	01418	2×4	1-2x6	2-2x6	2-2x8	1-2x8	1-2x6	2-2x6	2-2x8		1-2x6	2-2x6	2-2x6	
26'-0"	03410	274	1-2x8	2-2x8	2-2x8		1-2x8	2-2x8	2-2x8		1-2x8	1-2x8		
	16"			LL=40 psf	DL=15 psf			LL=40 psf	DL=30 psf			LL=40 psf	DL=36 psf	
	Spacing o.c		12"	16"	19.2"	24"	12"	16"	19.2"	24"	12"	16"	19.2"	24"
Subflo	or thickness	s - CSP	5/8"	5/8"	5/8"	3/4"	5/8"	5/8"	5/8"	3/4"	5/8"	5/8"	5/8"	3/4"
Length	Ser	ies		Strong	jbacks			Strong	gbacks			Strong	jbacks	
8'-0"			None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None
10'-0"	01314	2x3	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None
12'-0"	00011	2/10	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None
14'-0"			None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None
16'-0"	OJ314	2x3	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None
	OJ318 (S)	2x3	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None
18'-0"	OJ315	2x3	None	None	1-2x6	1-2x6	None	None	1-2x6	1-2x6	None	None	1-2x6	1-2x6
	OJ318 (S)	2x3	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None	None
20'-0"	OJ315	2x3	None	1-2x6	1-2x6	1-2x6	None	1-2x6	1-2x6	1-2x6	None	1-2x6	1-2x6	
	OJ418 (S)	2x4	None	None	None	1-2x6	None	None	None	1-2x6	None	None	None	1-2x6
22'-0"			None	1-2x6	1-2x6	1-2x6	None	1-2x6	1-2x6	1-2x6	None	1-2x6	1-2x6	1-2x6
24'-0"	OJ418	2x4	1-2x6	1-2x6	2-2x6	2-2x6	1-2x6	1-2x6	2-2x6		1-2x6	1-2x6	2-2x6	
26'-0"			1-2x6	2-2x6	1-2x8	2-2x8	1-2x6	2-2x6	1-2x8		1-2x6	2-2x6	2-2x6	
28'-0"	0.1420	2×4	2-2x6	2-2x8	1-2x10	2-2x8	2-2x6	2-2x8	2-2x8		2-2x6	2-2x8		
30'-0"	03120	2.4.7	2-2x8	2-2x10	2-2x10		2-2x8	2-2x10			2-2x8	2-2x10		

Notes :

1) Specified continuous strongbacks installed at mid span shown, take into consideration the performance criterion of the NBCC

2) Refer to appropriate sections of the Specifier Guide for installation guidelines and construction details.

3) Live load deflection is limited to L/480

4) This table of continuous strongback for maximum spans can also be used for Maximum spans when live load deflection is limited to L/360

except with 40-36 loading, strongbacks are limited to L/480.

5) (S) = Special grade, verify availability

# Installation

- Except for cutting length, TRIFORCE<sup>®</sup> flanges should never be cut, drilled or notched.
- Install TRIFORCE<sup>®</sup> joists so that top and bottom flanges are within ½" of true vertical alignment.
- At the ends, joists must be restrained to prevent rollover. Use rim board or blocking panels.
- For Cantilevered TRIFORCE<sup>®</sup> joists, brace top and bottom flanges, and brace ends with closure panels, rim board.
- Apply concentrated loads only on the top flange. Concentrated loads shall not be suspended from the bottom flange with the exception of light loads, such as ceiling fans or light fixtures.
- 6. **TRIFORCE**<sup>®</sup> must be protected from weather prior to installation.
- 7. Joists are to be used in dry conditions only.

- 8. Never install a damaged **TRIFORCE**<sup>®</sup> joist.
- 9. When strongbacks are installed, the strongbacks must be of dry lumber.
- 10. When a joist interferes with a plumbing pipe, the joist may be moved up to 3" to allow piping.
  OSB Panel End openings are allowed per the Allowable Hole through the OSB Panel End chart (see page 23). When moving a joist, check subfloor thickness with code requirements when joist spacing exceeds 19.2" o.c.
- 11. End bearing length must be at least 1  $\frac{1}{2}$ ".
- 12. To transfer loads from above, rim boards, squash blocks or blocking panels shall be used at exterior walls and interior bearing walls.
- 13. Joists shall not be in direct contact with masonry or concrete.

- 14. Install all bracing and sheathing to each TRIFORCE<sup>®</sup> joist before applying any construction loads on the floor system. Stack building material over beams or bearing walls only, otherwise additional shoring material may be needed.
- 15. Nails installed perpendicular to the wide face of the flange shall be spaced not closer than 2 ½ inches o.c. for 8d common nails.
- 16. Details on the following pages show only TRIFORCE<sup>®</sup> specific fastener requirements. For other fastener requirements, see applicable building code.
- 17. The adhesives used for floor systems should comply to ASTM D3498-03 Standard Specification for Standard Specification for Adhesives for Field-Gluing Plywood to Lumber Framing for Floor Systems. Follow manufacturer guidelines for field-glued floors.

### Not Permitted

Joist flanges shall not be notched, cut or drilled to allow piping



All information in this document is general and is given as general information to an informed tradesman, that must have all the proper qualifications and knowledge for installing floor joists properly as per manufacturers specifications and as per local code.

The warranty shall not extend to products misused, neglected, subjected to abnormal storage, use or exposure or which have been altered in any manner or not maintained in accordance with published instructions. The products must be handled and installed in accordance with the manufacturer's published instructions.





JOIST SPACING BELOW PLUMBING WALL

# Storage & Handling

### Storage Notes:

- 1. Keep **TRIFORCE**<sup>®</sup> bundles wrapped to protect from weather
- Use wood stickers to separate bundles under each automatically inserted stickers.
- Always store, stack and handle TRIFORCE<sup>®</sup> vertically and level – never flat/ horizontal.
- 4. Do not store **TRIFORCE**<sup>®</sup> in direct contact with the ground.
- 5. Store longest material lowest to the ground.
- For optimal moisture protection, keep TRIFORCE<sup>®</sup> at least 6 inches up off the ground.
- To protect from dirt and weather, delay unwrapping the TRIFORCE<sup>®</sup> bundles until the time of installation and delivery.

- Take care to avoid forklift damage.
   If the ground is unlevel in the storage area, reduce forklift speed to avoid "bouncing" the load.
- When handling with a crane, pick up the load using a spreader if necessary to minimize handling stresses. Keep TRIFORCE<sup>®</sup> vertical.
- 10. Maintain stack height within safe limits.
- 11. Do not lift **TRIFORCE**<sup>®</sup> joist by top flange.
- 12. Do not stack other material on top of **TRIFORCE**<sup>®</sup> bundles.
- Bundle wrap can be slippery, especially when wet. Avoid walking on material.



# Typical Details



# Rim Board Connection

### Standard Sizes For Performance Rated Rim Boards

Thickness (inches): 1 ½ . Depth (inches): 9 ½, 11 ½, 14, 16. Length (feet): 8 to 16

### Limit States Design Values<sup>(a)</sup> For Engineered Wood Rim Boards

		H <sup>(c)</sup> (lbf/ft)	V <sup>(d)</sup> (	bf/ft)	Z <sup>(e)</sup> (lbf)	P <sup>(f)</sup> (lbf)						
Rim Board Grade	Performance Category <sup>(b)</sup>		Depth <sup>(d)</sup> Limitation (in.)									
		d ≤ 24	d ≤ 16	16 < d ≤ 24	d ≤ 24	16 < d ≤ 24						
B2	1-1/8 or higher	261	8,090	5,338	584	5,838						
C1	1-1/8 or higher	235	7,739	5,004	584	5,838						

For SI: 1 in. = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf/ft = 0.0146 N/mm, 1 lbf = 4.448 N

(a) These design values are applicable to standard-term load duration and permitted to be adjusted for other load durations in accordance with the applicable building code.

(b) The performance categories for these rim boards refers to the minimum thickness of the rim board.

(c) H = The factored horizontal (shear) load transfer resistance based on the attachment schedule specified in this standard. This capacity represents the total of the lateral loads transferred through the rim board by both the floor sheathing and wall plate above the floor sheathing.

(d) V = The factored uniform vertical (compression) load resistance.

(e) Z = The factored lateral resistance of a 1/2-inch diameter lag screw in compliance with the connection requirements tested in this standard.

(f) P = The factored concentrated vertical load resistance based on a 4  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch bearing length.



A Structural Rim Board is recommended when the open joist **TRIFORCE**<sup>®</sup> Floor Joists are installed perpendicular or parallel on exterior bearing walls.

It is not recommended to use open joist **TRIFORCE**<sup>®</sup> Floor Joists as solo starter joists on exterior bearing walls.

### Rim to Joist



### Toe-Nail Connection At Rim Board



# Interior Bearing Wall Blocking



# Parallel Non-Load Bearing Wall Support

When Non Load Bearing Walls above are installed parallel to the open joist **TRIFORCE**<sup>®</sup> below, two methods are recommended.

- Add a supporting Joist under the Wall above.
- Add 2x support or ladder bracing every 2' on center with Simpson Z28 clips as shown below or equivalent.



			Dimens	ions (in)			Factored Resistance (K <sub>D</sub> = 1.00)			
Model N	o. Ga					Fasteners'	D.Fir-L	S-P-F		
		W			TF	(10:01)	lbs	lbs		
							kN	kN		
70	20	<b>7</b> 5/	1 14	1 3/	1 3/	4-10dv1 14	740	525		
22	20	2 716	1 /2	1 78	1 78	4-100X1 /2	3.29	2.34		
74	12	1 1/	<b>D</b> 1/	2.1/	1 3/	2.164	765	545		
24	12	1 /2	5 72	∠ 78	1 74	2-100	3.40	2.42		
76	12	1 14	<b>E</b> 34	2	1 3/	2-164	790	560		
20	12	1 /2	J 78	2	1 78	2-100	3.51	2.49		
729	20	<b>7</b> 5/	1 14	1 3/	1 3/	10 dv1 14	-	-		
220	20	Z 7/16	1 /2	1 78	1 78	100X1 /2	-	-		
720	20	<b>7</b> 5/	2 14	1 3/	1 3/	10 dv1 14	-	-		
230	20	Z 716	Z /2	1 78	1 78	100x1 /2	-	-		
744	12	2 1/2	3 1/2	2	1 3/6	4-16d	1420	1010		
244	12	∠ /2	J /2	2	1 78	100	6.32	4.49		
							1.02			

- Z28 and Z38 do not have nail holes. Fastener quantity and type shall be per Designer.
- 2) Z4 and Z6 resistances apply with a nail into the top and a nail into the seat.
- Factored resistances for Z clips cannot be increased for short term loading.
- A) NAILS: 16d = 0.162" dia. x 3 1/2" long, 10dx1 1/2 = 0.148" dia. x 1 1/2" long.





# Perpendicular Blocking

### Perpendicular I-Joist Blocking:

I-Joist perpendicular blocking or equivalent (a) 24" on center. Attaching the Wood-I or I-Joist blocking with (2) 3 ½" (16d) nails to the top and bottom chords of the open joist **TRIFORCE**<sup>®</sup> and (1) 2 ½" (8d) nails through the Rim Board into the top and bottom chord of the I-Joist blocking. Secure the I-Joist blocking to the sole plate with (1) 3 ½" (10d) nails each side of the bottom chord.





### Cantilevers

Open joist **TRIFORCE**<sup>®</sup> Cantilevers can be applied to accommodate Balconies, Brick Ledge or Water Ledge or 2<sup>nd</sup> Story Wall support. Verification of loading will determine what type if any reinforcement may be required. Please consult your open joist **TRIFORCE**<sup>®</sup> Representative for any questions concerning cantilever situations.





# Steel Beam Connections With Hangers



# Steel Beam Connections Without Hangers



### Multiple Joist Connectors (MJC) for Concentrated Side Load



# Reinforcement for Concentrated Side Load



# Reinforcement for Concentrated Top Load



# Allowable OSB Panel End Hole Penetrations

### Holes sizes and locations - Simple span

	loist	Round hole diameter only (in)													
Joist Death	Joist			М	inimum dist	ance from i	inside face o	of support to	o beginning	of hole (ft-	in)				
Deptil	Jenes	2"	3"	4"	5"	6"	7"	8"	9"	10"	11"	12"	Max Span		
0.5"	OJ314	0' 5"	0' 5"	0' 5"	1'6"								16' 0"		
9.5	OJ418	0' 5"	0' 6"	2' 0"									20' 0"		
	OJ314	0' 6"	0' 6"	0' 6"	0' 6"	0' 6"	1' 2"						16' 0"		
11 075"	OJ315	0' 6"	0' 6"	0' 6"	0' 6"	1' 0"	2' 0"						18' 0"		
11.0/5	OJ415	0' 6"	0' 6"	0' 6"	1' 0"	2' 0"							20' 0"		
	OJ418	0' 6"	0' 6"	1' 0"	2' 0"								22' 0"		
	OJ314	0' 6"	0' 6"	0' 6"	0' 6"	0' 6"	0' 6"	0' 6"	0' 9"	1' 10"			16' 0"		
14"	OJ315	0' 6"	0' 6"	0' 6"	0' 6"	0' 6"	0' 6"	1' 6"					20' 0"		
14	OJ415	0' 6"	0' 6"	0' 6"	0' 6"	0' 6"	1' 6"	2' 0"					22' 0"		
	OJ418	0' 6"	0' 6"	0' 9"	1' 6"	2' 2"							26' 0"		
	OJ314	0' 6"	0' 6"	0' 6"	0' 6"	0' 6"	0' 6"	0' 6"	0' 6"	0' 6"	0' 9"	1' 6"	16' 0"		
16"	OJ315	0' 6"	0' 6"	0' 6"	0' 6"	0' 6"	0' 6"	0' 6"	0' 6"	1' O"	1' 8"		20' 0"		
	OJ318	0' 6"	0' 6"	0' 6"	0' 6"	0' 6"	0'6"	0'6"	0' 6"	1' O"	1' 8"		<u>18' 0"</u>		
	OJ418	0' 6"	0' 6"	0' 6"	0' 6"	0' 6"	1' O"	2' 0"					26' 0"		
	0.1420	0'6"	0' 6"	0' 9"	1' 6"	2' 0"							30' 0"		

#### Notes

1) This table is based on uniformly loaded floor with a design live load of 40 psf dead load of 15 psf and a deflection limit of L/360.

For other applications contact your **TRIFORCE**<sup>®</sup> representative.

This table may be used for floor joist spacing of 24 inches on center or less. 2)

3)

Residential design with simple span only. No cantilever Do not cut first vertical web. Distance base on a full length panel 4)



Contact your TRIFORCE® representative for more details.



### Mechanical Clearances

Mechanical Opening Dimension												
Depth	Round	Round Square R										
<b>9</b> ½"	5"	4" x 6"	3" x 9"									
11%"	7¼"	5¾" x 5¾"	3" x 13"									
14"	8½"	6½" x 6½"	3" x 14", 6" X 8"									
16"	9½"	7½" x 7½"	3" x 15"									



## Strongbacks

Strongbacks must be of dry lumber and secured with 2 spiral or resined 3" nails or 2 - 3" screws at mid-span, to a vertical brace or diagonal web.

Strongback can be cut between 2 joists for ducts, pipes and wires if needed, but at least 3 consecutive joists must remain attached together.

9 ½" = 2x4 11 ½" = 2x4 14" = 2x4 or 2x6 16" = 2x6 or 2x8



#### Detail N5

### Strongback (at mid span)

Option #1



2x3 flanges: 1 - 3" (10d) through bottom flange and 1 - 3" (10d) through the diagonal, adding adhesive will insure long term performance

2x4 flanges: 2 - 3" (10d) through bottom flange and 1 - 3" (10d) through the diagonal.

Adding adhesive will ensure long term performance. Gun nails can be substituted with 3" screws.

#### Option #2 (suggested)



Secure vertical side block (2x4) as per detail, with 2 nails\* to both chords and strongback to vertical with 2 nails\*. \*(gun nails 0.122" x 3 1/4")

Adding adhesive will provide

an ultimate connection for high floor performance. Gun nails can be substituted with 3" screws.

### Strongback Overlap



# TRIFORCE<sup>®</sup> Floor Performance

For more than a decade the **National Building Code** of Canada has introduced a method of calculation which takes into account the performance of a floor as a whole, i.e., the ability of the Assembly to reduce vibrations and deflection induced by any movement.

Essentially, we feel both when someone moves on a floor where we are sitting, deformation is induced by the weight of this person and vibration due to the shock wave imposed by the movement of this person.

For several years the engineered wood industry has advocated a deflection criteria of L/480, more severe than the minimum standard of the National Building Code, however, this approach was assessing only one part of the performance of the floor, deflection.

The Calculation method advocated by the CNBC takes account of two factors that can influence the performance of floor, making it much more efficient. For these reasons, since the beginning of the 2000s, the method of calculation is mandatory and replace the standard of L/480 in Canada.

To comply with these requirements the vibration test is an integral part of our design software and can assess the performance of several floor assemblies.

### The advantage of the concept of open web joists...

One of the ways to effectively increase the performance of a floor, is to increase transversal rigidity, that is, to link perpendicular joists. Much of this transversal link is through the subfloor. With the concept of the open web joist, the addition of a continuous strongback in solid wood contributes to the effective link which will have a major impact on the performance of the floor. In addition, the ease with which these continuous strongback can be installed and especially the effectiveness of nailing make its installation a MUST.

Other methods can be used to ensure good performance of your floor, for example;

- The use of a subfloor nailed and glued will have a beneficial effect providing a link more effective between joists and subfloor while eliminating the risk of nose due to a poorly nailed subfloor.
- The use of a thicker subfloor will also help increase the performance of your floor by increasing the distribution of loads more between the joists.
- Reducing Spacing or increase the height of the joists would also increase floor performance.

### Why the Industry still uses the L/480 concept?

Normally this notion should have been replaced by the concept of the Assembly floor, it is wrong to claim that only reducing joists deflection prevents vibration problems.

Assembly approach is much more efficient, the last ten years have shown.

Due to the complexity of the method of calculation and the wide range of possibility of assemblages, some manufacturers have been slow to update with this concept.

### How can I get an idea of the property of these additions

Here are a few examples:

Assembly floor base

- Subfloor 5%" only nailed
- Height 11 7%

Allowable span: 14' 5"

Use of a subfloor glued and nailed, Allowable span: 15' 9"

Use of a continuous link and a subfloor nailed and glued, Allowable span: 17' 2"

Keeping in mind that a factor of 0.5 assumes a greater floor performance than 0.99.

With a span of 14' 5", the floor performance ratio is 0.99, with the same span adding a glued subfloor, this ratio drops to 0.76, and if a continuous strongback is added, this ratio, is now 0.60, a 40% increase in floor performance.

## Fire Performance

Since 1990, a lot of work has been done on fire rated floor and wall assemblies in Canada through the National Research Council and in US. Most Engineered product manufacturers team up to help providing guidelines but moreover typical floor assemblies to end users like architects and builders. This large scale effort conducted by NRC, lead to the many publications of floor assemblies including engineered wood products in section A-9.10.3.1.B of the National Building Code.

In this section more than 300 assemblies for engineered products are listed with acoustical performance rating (STC/IIC) and most of them are fire rated.

In US, the American wood council has also published a document entitled «Design for Code Acceptance – Fire rated wood frame wall and floor/ceiling assemblies» which also provides generic details for engineering wood products.

### Open Joist **TRIFORCE**<sup>®</sup> Fire Performance Rating?

Historically, the OpenJoist and the **TRIFORCE**<sup>®</sup> products have outperformed other types of engineered wood products like I-Joist or Floor Trusses using metal connectors. OpenJoist has, in its web material, a larger thermal mass that dictates a longer time to increase in temperature and therefore enhance its fire resistance; this thermal mass increase is even more significant when strongbacks are in place.

Moreover the open configuration will increase the lateral heat transfer and allows increased thermal transmission evenly throughout the void spreading out the elevated temperature and again enhancing the fire performance of the structure. 1. TRIFORCE® 3. Resilient Channels 5. Insulation 2. Strongbacks 4. Gypsum Board 6. Sub-Floor

Again today with the introduction of the new generation of OpenJoist products – **TRIFORCE**<sup>®</sup>, our product has demonstrated outstanding fire performance. Both OpenJoist products carry a 1 hour rating with 1 layer of <sup>5</sup>/<sub>8</sub> gypsum board Type C for all flange sizes and depths. We are one of the few that still provide this 1 hour fire rated assembly in its simplest form which greatly expedites its field installation.

Based on its outstanding fire performance, the open joist **TRIFORCE**<sup>®</sup> product can be used in any of the listed assemblies of the National Building code providing equivalent fire resistance.

- Fire rated Assembly 1 hour with 1 layer of <sup>5</sup>/<sub>8</sub> type C
- Fire rated Assembly 1 hour with 2 layers of ½ type C
- Fire rated Assembly 45 minutes 1 layer of <sup>5</sup>/<sub>8</sub> type X

### 1–Hour Fire Resistance Rated Floor Assembly

### Floor/Ceiling - 100% Design Load - 1 Hour Rating - 1 Layer Gypsum



#### 1- Sub floor :

Option 1: Install two layers of nominal 23/32-inch thick tongue and groove plywood subfloor sheathing. Apply a nominal 1/8-inch bead of adhesive meeting the following requirements: ASTM D 3498 Standard Specification for Adhesives for Field Gluing Plywood to Lumber Framing for Floor Systems, meets American Plywood Association specifications AFG-01. Apply the base layer of sheathing to the top side of the wood truss (item 2) and secure using 2-inch long X 0.113-inch diameter smooth shank nails perimeter and 12-inches on center in field. Install the face layer of sheathing over the base layer with a 24-inch overlap of joints.

Secure face layer using 3-inch long, 0.12-inch diameter smooth shank nails spaced 6-inches on center around the perimeter and 12-inches on center in the field.

**Option 2:** Install one layer of nominal 23/32-inch thick tongue and groove plywood subfloor sheathing. Apply a nominal 1/8-inch bead of adhesive meeting the following requirements: ASTM D 3498 Standard Specification for Adhesives for Field Gluing Plywood to Lumber Framing for Floor Systems, meets American Plywood Association specifications AFG-01. Apply the sheathing to the top side of the wood truss (Item 2) and secure using 2-inch long X 0.113-inch diameter smooth

shank nails spaced 6-inches on center in the field. Minimum topping thickness for lightweight concrete or nominal weight concrete is 1-1/2-inches. Minimum topping thickness for proprietary gypsum/ cement/sand topping is 3/4-inch.

#### 2- Structural members :

Use a minimum 9-1/2-inch open joist **TRIFORCE®** Joist spaced at a maximum of 24-inches on-center. Fasten wood truss to rim board with 2-3/8-inch long, 8d common nails. Fasten 1 nail through the rim board into the end of each flange, and one on each side of the truss web into the bearing plate.

#### 3- Support :

Install strongback consisting of 2x6 and 2x4 lumber. Install strongback through the closest bottom open truss to the center on the wood truss (Item 2). Secure 2x4 lumber to the wood truss (Item 3) using 3-1/4-inch long, 12d common nails and adhesive. Secure the strongback to each wood truss (Item 2) using 2-1/4-inch long, 12d common nails and adhesive meeting the specifications above.

#### 4- Resilient channels :

Install ½-inch deep, 2-1/8-inch wide nominal 25 GA galvanized steel "hat shaped" (RC-2) channels spaced 16-inches on-center and applied perpendicular to the Wood Truss, ensuring channels are installed back-to-back at butt joints of the gypsum board (Item 5). Secure resilient channels to the bottom flange of each Wood Truss (Item 2) using number 6, 1-5/8-inch long Type W coarse thread drywall screws.

#### 5- Gypsum Board :

Install 1 layers of 5/8" of Gypsum Board Type C. Long edges located between joists perpendicular to the resilient channels (Item 4) using number 6-incches, 1-1/4-inch long Type S screws spaced 6-inches on center with a minimum distance of 1-1/2-inches from the panel edges. Joints are taped and finished with 2 layers of compound.

#### 6- Insulation :

Install nominal 3-inch thick Roxul Safe'n Sound mineral wool insulation press fit between the bottom flanges of the wood truss (Item 2).

Reference: Intertek report DTM/FWT 60-10 for a 1-hr Fire Resistance rated floor assembly

# Sound Performance

### Acoustical Performance

Even if **TRIFORCE**<sup>®</sup> published its own acoustical performance rating, once again, the listed assemblies of section A-9.10.3.1.B starting at assembly F22 can be used in your project. Moreover, as part of the NCR effort a software has been design and available on NRC website can help you out in finding the proper performance for your need.

http://www.nrc-cnrc.gc.ca/eng/ibp/irc/ software.html

### STC and IIC Defined

Since late 90's, building codes have stringent requirements of acoustical performance, two main components of acoustical analysis are set as guidelines for assess noise generate in a building.

These two methodologies are Impact Insulation Class (IIC) and a Sound Transmission Class (STC)

**Impact Insulation Class** – the impact insulation class would be a rating in Decibel on how well a floor attenuates impact sounds, such as footstep

**Sound Transmission Class** – the sound transmission class would rate in decibel how well a floor or a partition wall would attenuate airborne sound, such as music.

For both cases higher figures are better results

Floor/Ceiling Assembly Ratings for Multi-family building

# How do we increase acoustical performance?

As mentioned above, a lot of efforts were put toward acoustical performance, mostly for multifamily complex and high end condominium where sound transmission takes all its meaning. After decades of testing NRC has developed tables to help architects and builders in finding the proper floor assembly.

Like, fire performance, acoustic performance will be dictated by the floor assembly, based on the NRC tables published in the NBCC in annex A-9.10.3.1.B and proprietary testing on OJ2000 and open joist **TRIFORCE**<sup>®</sup>, we have tried to clearly express how to increase the acoustical performance of a floor.

# QuickTools Software

Barrette Structural has created an easy to use, sophisticated, state of the art software solution designed to suit all of our customer's needs, focusing on user friendliness, detailed engineering analysis, quotes, orders and layouts.

Our solutions will help your company on every level, from whole floor analysis to individual member sizing.



QuickTools Layout Assistant is a fully integrated 3D software solution that easily provides a robust layout and open joist **TRIFORCE**<sup>®</sup> design solution as well as the full engineering analysis required by major building codes throughout North America and Europe. Quickly draw Walls, Beams, Columns, Openings, Headers and open joist **TRIFORCE**<sup>®</sup> and Quickly analyze the load transfer. QuickTools Layout Assistant is available for download and can be obtained from an open joist **TRIFORCE**<sup>®</sup> Representative via download.

QuickTools Analyzer Assistant is a single member sizing software that enables Engineers, Architects and Designers to size the open joist **TRIFORCE**<sup>®</sup> floor joists. QuickTools Analyzer Assistant is available as a stand alone software for download and can be obtained from an open joist **TRIFORCE**<sup>®</sup> Representative via download.



#### Hardware Requirements

- Multi-Core Intel Xeon, or i-Series processor or AMD equivalent with SSE2 technology
- 2GB Ram (Min)
- Windows 7, Vista or XP Professional
- DirectX<sup>®</sup> 10 capable graphics card
- 2 GB free disk space
- MS-Mouse or 3Dconnexion
   compliant device
- Internet connection for license registration and prerequisite component download.



# Single Framing Connectors

### Single TRIFORCE<sup>®</sup> Joists – Canadian/Factored Resistance (lbs)

	Top Flange									Sn	əp-In				Face Mount						
Joist	Model		Faste	ner Type	Uplift	Down	Load	Model		Fasten	ег Туре	Uplift	Down	Load	Model		Faste	ner Type	Uplift	Down	Load
Height	Piodei	Dim	Header	Joist	(115)	DF	SPF	Model	Dim	Header	Joist	(115)	DF	SPF	Piodei	Dim	Header	Joist	(115)	DF	SPF
										Joist W	dth = 21/	2"									
<b>9</b> ½	LT259	2	6-10d	1-#8x1¼ws	75	2625	1725	IUS2.56/9.5	2	8-10d	-	105	2385	1690	LF259	2	10-10d	1-#8x1¼ws	105	2525	2155
11 7/8	LT251188	2	6-10d	1-#8x1¼ws	75	2625	1725	IUS2.56/11.88	2	10-10d	_	105	2565	1820	LF2511	2	12-10d	1-#8x1¼ws	105	2880	2270
14	LT2514	2	6-10d	1-#8x1¼ws	75	2625	1725	IUS2.56/14	2	12-10d	-	105	2565	1820	LF2514	2	14-10d	1-#8x1¼ws	105	3235	2385
16	LT2516	2	6-10d	1-#8x11¼ws	75	2625	1725	IUS2.56/16	2	14-10d	-	105	2725	1935	MIU2.56/16	21/2	24-16d	2-10dx1½	410	4930	3485
										Joist Wi	dth = 3½	2"									
<b>9</b> ¼	LT359	2	6-10d	2-#8x1¼ws	75	2625	1725	IUS3.56/9.5	2	10-10d	-	105	2370	1685	LF359	2	10-10d	2-#8x1¼ws	105	2525	2155
11 7/8	LT351188	2	6-10d	2-#8x1¼ws	75	2625	1725	IUS3.56/11.88	2	12-10d	-	105	2370	1685	LF3511	2	12-10d	2-#8x1¼ws	105	2880	2270
14	LT3514	2	6-10d	2-#8x1¼ws	75	2625	1725	IUS3.56/14	2	12-10d	-	105	2370	1685	LF3514	2	14-10d	2-#8x1¼ws	105	3235	2385
16	LT3516	2	6-10d	2-#8x1¼ws	75	2625	1725	IUS3.56/16	2	14-10d	-	105	2370	1685	MIU3.56/16	21/2	24-16d	2-10dx1½	410	4930	3485

			45	Skew				Adjustable Height								Field Sl	ope & Ske	w	Field Slope & Skew				
Joist	Model		Faste	ner Type	Uplift	Down	Load	Model		Faster	ner Type	Uplift	Down	Load	Model		Faste	ner Type	Uplift	Down	Load		
Height	Piodei	Dim	Header	Joist	(115)	DF	SPF	Model	Dim	Header	Joist	(115)	DF	SPF	Piotei	Dim	Header	Joist	(115)	DF	SPF		
										Joist W	'idth = 2½	2											
<b>9</b> ½	SUR/L2.56/9	3 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	14-16d	2-10dx1½	385	3950	2805	THAI322	21⁄4	6-10d	2-10dx1½	-	3000	2385	LSSUH310	31/2	14-16d	12-10dx1½	1155	2620	1860		
11 7/8	SUR/L2.56/11	3 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	16-10d	2-10dx1½	385	3950	2805	THAI322	21⁄4	6-10d	2-10dx1½	-	3000	2385	LSSUH310	31/2	14-16d	12-10dx1½	1155	2620	1860		
14	SUR/L2.56/14	3 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	18-10d	2-10dx1½	385	3950	2805	THAI322	21⁄4	6-10d	2-10dx1½	-	3000	2385	LSSUH310	31/2	14-16d	12-10dx1½	1155	2620	1860		
16	SUR/L2.56/14	3 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	18-10d	2-10dx1½	385	3950	2805	See Wood Co	nstruct	ion Connec	tors Catalogu	ue for ha	inger sele	ection.	See Wood Co	nstructi	on Connec	tors Catalogu	ie for ha	nger sele	ection.		
										Joist W	'idth = 3½	2											
<b>9</b> ½	SUR/L410	3 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	14-16d	6-16d	1540	4065	2875	THAI422	21⁄4	6-10d	2-10dx1½	-	3000	2385	LSSU410	31/2	14-16d	12-10dx1½	1155	3055	2170		
11 7/8	SUR/L410	3 <sup>3</sup> /16	14-16d	6-16d	1540	4065	2875	THAI422	21⁄4	6-10d	2-10dx1½	-	3000	2385	LSSU410	31/2	14-16d	12-10dx1½	1155	3055	2170		
14	SUR/L414	3 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	18-16d	8-16d	2090	4095	2895	THAI422	21⁄4	6-10d	2-10dx1½	-	3000	2385	LSSU410	31/2	14-16d	12-10dx1½	1155	3055	2170		
16	SUR/L414	3 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	18-16d	8-16d	2090	4095	2895	See Wood Construction Connectors Catalogue for hanger selection					ection.	n. See Wood Construction Connectors Catalogue for hanger selection				ection.					

1) Shaded hangers require web stiffeners at joist ends. Web stiffeners may be required for non-shaded hangers by others.

2) The B Dim is the length of the hanger seat.
3) WS = wood screw

LF – 18 gauge LT - 18 gauge

The LF and LT series feature fast and easy installation. No web stiffeners required and only one screw secures joist in hanger.



#### IUS - 18 gauge

The IUS is a new hybrid hanger that incorporates the advantages of face-mount and top-flange hangers. Joist nails are not required.





W, WI - Top flange - 12 gauge; Stirrup - 12 gauge WP, WPI, WPU - Top flange - 7 gauge;

Stirrup – 12 gauge

HWU – Top flange – 3 gauge; Stirrup – 10 gauge

WPU

This welded series offers the greatest design flexibility and versatility, and a large selection of sizes. Suitable for welded and nailer applications, and modifications including slopes and skews.





The MIT's Positive Angle Nailing helps minimize splitting of the I-joists' bottom flange. Features uplift capacity and extended seat design.



### B - 12 gauge LBV - 14 gauge

The B series offers versatility for I-joists and SCL lumber. Enhanced load capacity widens the range of applications for these hangers.

The LBV is designed especially for use with multiple ply headers  $1\frac{1}{2}$ " to  $1\frac{3}{4}$ " thick, and may be used for weld-on applications.



# Double Framing Connectors

### Double TRIFORCE<sup>®</sup> Joists – Canadian/Factored Resistance (lbs)

	Top Flange									Face	Mount				45° Skew						
Joist	Model	В	Faster	ner Type	Uplift	Down	Load	Model	В	Faster	нег Туре	Uplift	Down	Load	Model	В	Faster	тег Туре	Uplift	Down	Load
Height	Piotei	Dim	Header	Joist	(115)	DF	SPF		Dim	Header	Joist	(115)	DF	SPF		Dim	Header	Joist	(115)	DF	SPF
										Joist W	'idth = 5'	•									
<b>9</b> ½	MIT39.5-2	21/2	8-16d	2-10dx1½	320	3490	2420	MIU5.12/9	21/2	16-16d	2-10dx1½	410	4550	3230	HSUR/L5.12/9	213/16	12-16d	2-10dx1½	195	2995	2350
111/8	MIT311.88-2	21/2	8-16d	2-10dx1½	320	3490	2420	MIU5.12/11	21/2	20-16d	2-10dx1½	410	4550	3230	HSUR/L5.12/11	213/16	16-16d	2-10dx1½	195	4190	2965
14	MIT314-2	21/2	8-16d	2-10dx1½	320	3490	2420	MIU5.12/14	21/2	22-16d	2-10dx1½	410	4930	3485	HSUR/L5.12/14	213/16	20-16d	2-10dx1½	195	4190	2965
16	MIT5.12/16	21/2	8-16d	2-10dx1½	320	3490	2420	MIU5.12/16	21/2	24-16d	2-10dx1½	410	4930	3485	HSUR/L5.12/16	213/16	24-16d	2-10dx1½	195	4190	2965
										loist Wi	dth = 3½	2									
<b>9</b> ½	B7.12/9.5	21/2	14-16d	6-16d	1170	5940	3910	HU410-2	21/2	18-16d	8-16d	2280	5780	4690	HU410-2X4	21/2	18-16d	8-16d	1710	3755	3045
111/8	B7.12/11.88	21/2	14-16d	6-16d	1170	5940	3910	HU412-2	21/2	22-16d	8-16d	2280	5780	4690	HU412-2X4	2½	22-16d	8-16d	1710	3755	3045
14	B7.12/14	21/2	14-16d	6-16d	1170	5940	3910	HU414-2	21/2	26-16d	12-16d	3420	7025	5780	HU414-2X4	2½	26-16d	12-16d	2565	4565	3755
16	B7.12/16	21/2	14-16d	6-16d	1170	5940	3910	HU414-2	21/2	26-16d	12-16d	3420	7025	5780	HU414-2X4	2½	26-16d	12-16d	2565	4565	3755

			Adjusta	ble Heigh	nt			Field Slope & Skew								
Joist	Madal	В	Faster	пег Туре	Uplift	Down	n Load	Medal	В	Faster	ner Type	Uplift	Down	Load		
Height	Model	Dim	Header	Joist	(115)	DF	SPF	Model	Dim	Header	Joist	(115)	DF	SPF		
						Jo	ist Wi	dth = 5"								
<b>9</b> ½	THAI-2 <sup>2</sup>	21/2	6-10d	2-10dx1½	-	2800	2800	LSU5.123	31⁄2	24-16d	16-10dx1½	910	2600	1845		
111/8	THAI-2 <sup>2</sup>	21/2	6-10d	2-10dx1½	-	2800	2800	LSU5.123	31/2	24-16d	$16-10dx1\frac{1}{2}$	910	2600	1845		
14	THAI-2 <sup>2</sup>	21/2	6-10d	2-10dx1½	-	2800	2800	LSU5.123	31/2	24-16d	16-10dx1½	910	2600	1845		
16	See Wood Cons	structio	n Connect	tors Catalogu	ue for ha	nger sel	ection.	See Wood Cons	structio	n Connec	tors Catalogu	e for ha	nger sele	ection.		
						Jo	ist Wi	dth = 7"								
<b>9</b> ½																
111%	See Wood Coo	tructio	o Cooood	tors Cataloo	in for he		action	See Wood Coo	tructio	- Cooooc	tors Cataloou	o for bo		oction		
14	See wood Cons	SUICCUC	in connect	lors Calaiogl	le loi lia	nger sei	ection.	See wood Cons	SUDCIO	n connec	lors Calalogu	e ior na	nger seie	ection.		

- Shaded hangers require web stiffeners at joist ends. Web stiffeners may be required for non-shaded hangers by others.
- 2) THAI-2 must be special ordered, specify hanger seat width between 31/8" and 55/16"
- LSU5.12 skew options must be factory ordered.
   Skewed option must be special ordered.
- Specify skew angle and direction (i.e. HU410-2X, SKR 45°).
- 5) Special order depth required. Specify depth needed (i.e. LBV5.12X H=9.375").
- 6) The B Dim is the length of the hanger seat.

Adjustable Height											
Model		Faster	ner Type	Uplift	Down	Load					
Piotei	Dim	Header	Joist	(115)	DF	SPF					
Joist Width = 2½"											
VPA3	21/2	9-10d	2-10dx1½	370	2050	1855					
	J	loist Wi	dth = 3½	."							
VPA4	21⁄2	11-10d	2-10dx1½	370	2050	1855					

### MIU - 16 gauge

16

The MIU series features 16 gauge steel and extra nailing for higher loads than the IUT.



### VPA – 18 gauge

This variable pitch connector allows a sloped beam to sit on a top plate without having to notch, birdmouth, bevel, or toe nail. It also provides uplift capacity. Adjustable from 3:12 to 12:12 pitch.



#### HU - 14 gauge

The HU series features uplift capacity and a large selection of sizes and load ranges. HU hangers have triangle holes that can be filled for increased loads. Web stiffeners required when used with I-joists.



### LSSUH310 and LSSU410 - 16 gauge

LSSU models provide uplift capacity and can be field sloped and/or skewed to  $45^{\circ}$ . Web stiffeners required when used with I-joists .



### SUR/L - 16 gauge SURI/LI - 16 gauge HSUR/L - 14 gauge

All models are skewed 45°. Normally accommodates a 40° - 50° skew. The installation of these hangers does not require a beveled end cut. Web stiffeners required when used with I-joists.



### THAI - 18 gauge THAI-2 - 14 gauge

This hanger has extra long straps and can be field-formed to give height adjustability and top flange hanger convenience. Positive angle nailing helps minimize splitting of the I-joist's bottom flange. Minimum nailing is shown in the table above. Strap must be field-formed over the top of the header by a minimum of 2 ½". Web stiffeners required when used with I-joists.



# Warranty



Product warranty

Products manufactured by Barrette Structural Inc. (hereafter: "Barrette Structural") are guaranteed against manufacturing and material faults for the life of the structure.

This limited lifetime warranty is applicable if the products manufactured by Barrette Structural have been correctly stored, protected from climatic conditions such as sunlight, humidity, rain or wind, and installed in conformity with the guidelines and instructions supplied, either as floor joists or roof trusses, whichever is the case.

#### This warranty does not cover perceived problems of design or defects caused by:

- prolonged exposure to water or climatic conditions (in particular following construction work or due to construction delays), fire, flooding, natural disasters or any other cause beyond the control of Barrette Structural;
- faults in the structure following poor construction, installation or assembly practices;
- · damage to the structure before, during or after installation;
- failure to respect installation instructions, current building code norms or generally accepted practices in the construction industry;
- the transformation of joists or roof trusses after their initial installation;
- the presence of mold, spore, rot or termites or any other element likely to degrade the installed product;
- the application of a preservative treatment or any other coating not approved by Barrette Structural;
- · defective ventilation, repeated exposure to water or humid conditions;
- excessive loads or tension not allowed for by Barrette Structural or usage that does not comply with the type for which the product was designed.

IN THE CASE OF PROBLEMS WITH MANUFACTURING FAULTS COVERED BY THIS WARRANTY, BARRETTE STRUCTURAL WILL PAY REASONABLE COSTS FOR LABOR AND MATERIALS TO REPAIR OR REPLACE ONLY THE JOISTS OR ROOF TRUSSES UNDER WARRANTY. THESE COSTS MUST NOT EXCEED BY MORE THAN THREE TIMES THE INITIAL PURCHASE COST OF THE JOISTS OR ROOF TRUSSES INVOLVED IN THE CLAIM.

IN THE EVENT OF A CLAIM, THE RESPONSIBILITY OF BARRETTE STRUCTURAL IS LIMITED TO THAT WHICH HAS BEEN OUTLINED IN THIS WARRANTY. BARRETTE STRUCTURAL MAY NOT BE HELD RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY OTHER DAMAGE WHATSOEVER.

All claims must be communicated to Barrette Structural within 30 days of the discovery of any anomaly or problem covered by this warranty, at the following address:

BARRETTE STRUCTURAL 555, rang Saint-Malo, Trois-Rivières (Québec) G8V 0A8 CANADA

To obtain further information, please contact your representative.


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